國立中央大學九十一學年度轉學生入學試題卷

化學系、生科系二年級 科目:

- In Haber synthesis of NH₃ (N₂ + 3H₂ ⇒ 2NH₃), which of the following statements are true?
 10 points
- (a) The reaction is exothermic.
- (b) Decreasing temperature shifts the reaction to the right, meaning the reaction is more complete.
- (c) Increasing temperature shifts the reaction to the right, meaning the reaction is more complete.
- (d) In industrial process the temperature is raised to 500°C, which is not thermodynamically favorable.
- (e) In industrial process a few percent of oxides of K or Al is added to increase the reaction rate by lowering the activation energy.
- (f) K or Al oxides are called catalyst, which are consumed with N₂ or H₂ in the reaction.
- 2. Compare the relative stability of the following species and indicate their magnetic properties (that is, diamagnetic or paramagnetic): O₂, O₂⁺, O₂⁻, O₂² 10 points
- 3. What are the hybrid orbitals of the carbon atoms in the following molecules?
- (a) H₃C-CH₃

10 points

- (b) H₃C-CH=CH₂
- (c) CH₃-C≡C-CH₂OH
- (d) CH₃CH=O
- (e) H₂C=C=CH₂
- 4. The rate constant of a first-order reaction is 3.46 x 10⁻² s⁻¹ at 298K. What is the rate constant at 350K if the activation energy for the reaction is 50.2kJ/mol? 10pts
- 5. From the enthalpy of formation for CO₂ and the following information, calculate the standard enthalpy of formation for carbon monoxide (CO).
 10 points CO_(g) + 1/2O_{2(g)} → CO_{2(g)} ΔH° = -283.0kJ

Why can't we obtain it directly by measuring the enthalpy of the following reaction? $C(graphite) + 1/2O_2 \rightarrow CO_{(g)}$

- 6. For the reaction $H_{2(g)} + S_{(a)} \rightarrow H_2S_{(g)}$ $\Delta H^{\circ} = -20.2 \text{kJ}$ and $\Delta S^{\circ} = +43.1 \text{Jk-1}$. Which of the following statements is true?
- (a) The reaction is only spontaneous at low temperature.
- (b) The reaction is spontaneous at all temperatures.



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- (c) ΔG° becomes less favorable as T is raised.
- (d) The reaction is spontaneous only at high temperatures.
- (e) The reaction is at equilibrium at 25°C under standard conditions.
- 7. Several resonance structures for the molecule CO2 are shown below. Explain why some of them are likely to be of little importance in describing the bonding in this molecule. 10 points

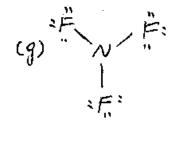
(a)
$$\ddot{\partial} = c = \ddot{Q}$$

(d)
$$\frac{1}{10} - \frac{24}{6} - \frac{11}{02} - \frac{11}{02}$$

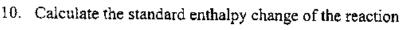
8. The following Lewis structures are incorrect. Explain what is wrong with each one and give a correct Lewis structure for the molecule. (Relative position of atoms are shown correctly). 10 points



(b)
$$H = C = C = H$$
 (e) $H - \ddot{o} = \ddot{F}$:
(c) $\ddot{F} = B + \ddot{F}$ (f) $\ddot{C} - \ddot{F}$



- 9. Which of the following statements regarding intermolecular forces for CBr4, CCl4, and CH4 molecules are true? 10 points
 - (a) CH₄ has a higher melting point than CCl₄, and CCl₄ has a higher melting point than CBr4?
 - (b) These three types of molecules are non-polar.
 - (c) The type of intermolecular force for these three compounds is called polar-induced polar.
 - (d) The dispersion force for CBr4 is larger than CCl4, and CCl4 is larger than CH₄.
 - (e) The geometry of these three molecules is square planar.



$$2Al(s) + Fe_2O_3(s) \rightarrow 2Fe(s) + Al_2O_3(s)$$

10 points

given that

$$2Al(s) + 3/2O_2(g) \rightarrow Al_2O_3(s)$$

$$\Delta H^{\circ} rxn = -1601kJ$$

$$2\text{Fe}(s) + 3/2\text{O}_2(g) \rightarrow \text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3(s)$$

$$\Delta H^{n} rxn = -821 kJ$$